



DURING CPR

- Ensure high quality chest compressions
- Minimise interruptions to compressions
- Give oxygen
- Use waveform capnography
- Continuous compressions when advanced airway in place
- Vascular access (intravenous or intraosseous)
- Give adrenaline every 3-5 min
- Give amiodarone after 3 shocks

TREAT REVERSIBLE CAUSES

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|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Hypoxia | Thrombosis – coronary or pulmonary |
| Hypovolaemia | Tension pneumothorax |
| Hypo-/hyperkalaemia/metabolic | Tamponade – cardiac |
| Hypothermia/hyperthermia | Toxins |

CONSIDER

- Ultrasound imaging
- Mechanical chest compressions to facilitate transfer/treatment
- Coronary angiography and percutaneous coronary intervention
- Extracorporeal CPR